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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO
09/582,797	09/06/2000	Claude Meggle	15675.P321	2849
7590 11/21/2003			EXAMINER	
Blakely Sokoloff Taylor & Zafman			TRUONG, THANHNGA B	
7th Floor 12400 Wilshire Boulevard			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
Los Angeles, CA 90025			2172	
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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		M				
	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
Office Action Summan	09/582,797	MEGGLE, CLAUDE				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
TI MANUAD DATE SAlis communication	Thanhnga Truong	2172				
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply						
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply if NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period we Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).  Status	6(a). In no event, however, may a reply be time within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days ill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	nely filed s will be considered timely. the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C.§ 133).				
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>06 S</u>	<u>Ceptember 2000</u> .					
2a)☐ This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b)⊠ Thi	s action is non-final.					
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is						
closed in accordance with the practice under <i>b</i> Disposition of Claims	=x parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 4	53 O.G. 213.				
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-16</u> is/are pending in the application.						
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-16</u> is/are rejected.						
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.						
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.  Application Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner	•					
10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on <u>06 September 2000</u> is/are: a)⊠ accepted or b)□ objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
11) The proposed drawing correction filed on is: a) approved b) disapproved by the Examiner.						
If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply to this Office action.						
12) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner.						
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120						
13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).						
a)⊠ All b)□ Some * c)□ None of:						
1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.						
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. <u>PCT/FR98/02918</u> .						
<ul> <li>3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).</li> <li>* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.</li> </ul>						
14) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e) (to a provisional application).						
a) ☐ The translation of the foreign language provisional application has been received.  15)☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 120 and/or 121.						
Attachment(s)	- p 30 0.00. 30 100	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s)	5) Notice of Informal	y (PTO-413) Paper No(s) Patent Application (PTO-152)				

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#### **DETAILED ACTION**

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

1. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.
- 2. Claims 1-6 and 9-14 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Powers (US 5,655,020).
  - a. Referring to claims 1 and 9:
    - Powers teaches:
- (1) receiving a code [i.e., receiving a first code comprising a plurality of characters in sequential positions identifying the authorized person (column 2, lines 44-45)];
- (2) verifying a first entitlement for accessing a first function (180), and as determined by a first code [i.e., as shown in Figure 2a, step 20 is to look up, that is "to verify" pin 1, that is, "determined by a first code"];
- (3) authorizing access to the first function (180) if the first entitlement is recognized [as shown in Figure 2a, step 20a found decision can include "authorizing access to the first function if the first code is recognized"]; and
- (4) if the first entitlement is not recognized, using the code to verify a second entitlement as determined by a second code that is different from the first code, to trigger at least one second function (170) without revealing the fact that the code does not make it possible to obtain the first entitlement [i.e., receiving a second code comprising a plurality of characters in sequential

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positions obtained from an actual user; comparing the characters of the second code with the characters in corresponding positions of the first code to determine identity between the codes in all but one of the character positions (column 2, lines 46-51)];

verifying the second entitlement comprises the operations consisting in: obtaining a new code from the first code by means of a second transformation (140) that is the inverse of a first simple transformation that enables the holder of the first code to obtain the second code from the first code; and testing the new code by performing again the step of verifying the first entitlement [i.e., receiving a first code comprising a plurality of characters in sequential positions identifying the authorized person; receiving a second code comprising a plurality of characters in sequential positions obtained from an actual user, the second code having more characters than the first code; comparing the characters of the second code with the characters of the first code to determine whether the second code contains a sequence of characters in the same order as the sequence in the first code (column 3, lines 15-21)];

### b. Referring to claims 2 and 10:

- i. Powers teaches:
- (1) characterized by the fact that said first simple transformation is performed by a unit shift of one character of the first code [i.e., a user will be instructed to deliberately alter one character in his personal identification number before he uses it (column 3, lines 48-50)].

#### c. Referring to claim 3:

- i. Powers teaches:
- (1) characterized by the fact that the steps consists in verifying the first and second entitlements make use of digitally-recorded user profile [i.e., as shown in Figure 1, in the memory 10 there is stored a databank having a plurality of files, bach file being identifiable by data derived from the credit card, that is "digitally-recorded user profile", and containing permitted user data including a personal identification number and additional user data such as the

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permitted user's address, telephone number, age, date of birth etc (column 5, lines 36-41)].

## d. Referring to claims 4 and 12:

- i. Powers teaches:
- (170) consists in displaying a message selected randomly from a plurality of messages stating that access to the first function (180) is not possible, without specifying that the code is not the right code for obtaining the first entitlement [i.e., as shown in Figure 2a, at step 21, the length of the PIN (PIN 2) offered by the user is compared with the authentic PIN (PIN 1) and if the number of characters is not the same the transaction is rejected, wherein the displaying a message is inherently provided. (column 5, lines 59-62)].

#### e. Referring to claim 5:

- i. Powers teaches:
- (1) characterized by the fact that the first function (180) is a bank transaction [i.e., in step 20 data is derived from a credit card offered for use via the magnetic stripe reader 2, that is, "a bank transaction", and is passed to the controller 8 to cause the PIN (PIN 1) associated with the permitted user of that credit card to be located (column 5, lines 51-55)].

#### f. Referring to claims 6 and 14:

- i. Powers teaches:
- disabling step (200) if the step that consists in verifying whether the first entitlement has been tested more than a determined number of times without success [i.e., if a sequence of characters has been located in the second code (PIN2) corresponding to the first code (PIN1) the computer system then checks at step 228 to see whether or not that version of the personal identification number has already been used within a predetermined time period. If it has been used then the transaction is rejected (column 7, lines 5-9)].

#### g. Referring to claim 11:

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#### i. Powers teaches:

banking transaction secure [i.e., as one example of "banking transaction secure", the retailer then enters the version of the personal identification number offered by the customer into the computer system and awaits an authentication or invalid signal. Alternatively, the customer enters the number himself. If the version of the personal identification number which has been offered differs from the correct personal identification number according to a predetermined corruption algorithm and if that version of the personal identification number has not already been used within a predetermined time period the computer system will indicate that the user is authenticated. In other circumstances the computer system will produce a transaction invalid signal and this will prompt the retailer to ask further questions of the customer concerning personal details relating to the permitted user of the card (column 5, lines 15-28)].

## h. Referring to claim 13:

i. This claim has limitations that is similar to those of claim 5, thus it is rejected with the same rationale applied against claim 5 above.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 3. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 4. Claims 7-8 and 15-16 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Powers, and further in view of Lichty (US 4, 774,500).

#### a. Referring to claims 7 and 8:

- i. Powers teaches the claimed subject matter except for:
- (1) characterized by the fact that the steps consisting in verifying the first and second entitlements make use of a microprocessor card (10).

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(2) characterized by the fact that the second simple transformation (140) is itself a function of parameters that are accessible on the microprocessor card (10).

### ii. Lichty teaches:

- (1) when the microprocessor cards are issued to individual users, a validation procedure is executed on a validating terminal. The procedure generally requires the issuer to enter the correct manufacturers' assigned key number in order to confirm that the card is authorized. A PIN is then assigned to or selected by the cardholder and stored in the secret zone. Upon completion of the validation procedure, the card MPU irreversibly alters its program so that the words written in the secret memory zone cannot be altered. Thereafter, upon using the card, a user must enter the correct PIN in order to confirm that the card is being used by its authorized user (column 6, lines 65-68 through column 7, lines 1-9).
- (2) a useful development in account cards has been to incorporate a magnetic, semiconductor, or optically written memory for storing account information, current balances, or other user information in the card itself (column 1, 26-29).
- iii. It would have been obvious to a person having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to:
- (1) apply such microprocessor card in Power's recited elements because such memory cards allow the user to access distributed terminals for off-line transactions, by reading and/or updating the stored information, without needing to have the transaction validated through a central system (column 1, lines 30-34 of Lichty).
  - iv. The ordinary skilled person would have been motivated to:
- (1) include such microprocessor card in Power's recited elements since account cards having on-board memories can be made secure against data tampering by using a storage medium which is non-erasable, i.e. data is written once on the card and cannot be erased or changed (column 1, lines 39-42 of Lichty).
  - b. Referring to claims 15 and 16:

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 i. These claims have limitations that is similar to those of claims 7 and 8, thus it is rejected with the same rationale applied against claims 7 and 8 above.

#### **Conclusion**

- 5. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.
- a. Parrillo (US 5,239,583) discloses an improvement in structure and credit account access security employing method and means for ensuring that repeating an exact access code which was successful in accessing the account, will be unsuccessful at the next or subsequent tries (see abstract).

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Thanhnga (Tanya) Truong whose telephone number is 703-305-0327.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Kim Vu can be reached on 703-305-4393. The fax and phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are 703-872-9306 for regular communications and 703-746-7238 for After Final communications.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is 703-305-3900.

**TBT** 

November 14, 2003

SUPPRISORY PATENT EXAMINER

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